Kelty Mental Health Resource Centre, Pinwheel Education Series: Youth and the Opioid Crisis



BC Centre for Disease Control

An agency of the Provincial Health Services Authority

March 21st, 2017,

Jane Buxton Harm Reduction Lead BCCDC



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Overview

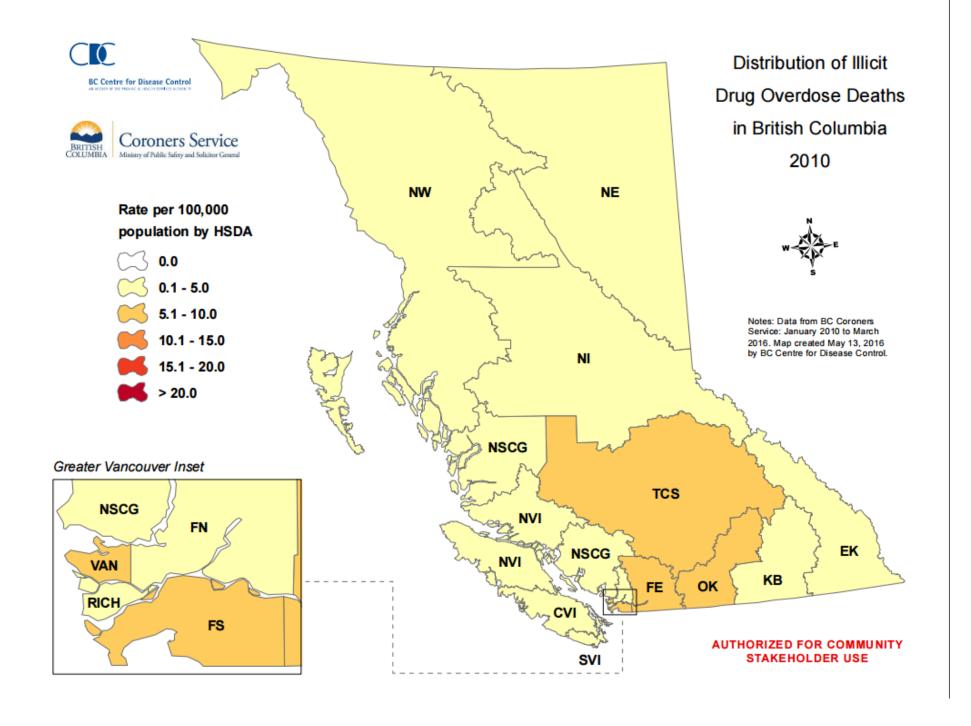
- Overdose deaths and fentanyl
- Declaration of public health emergency
- Naloxone and calling 911

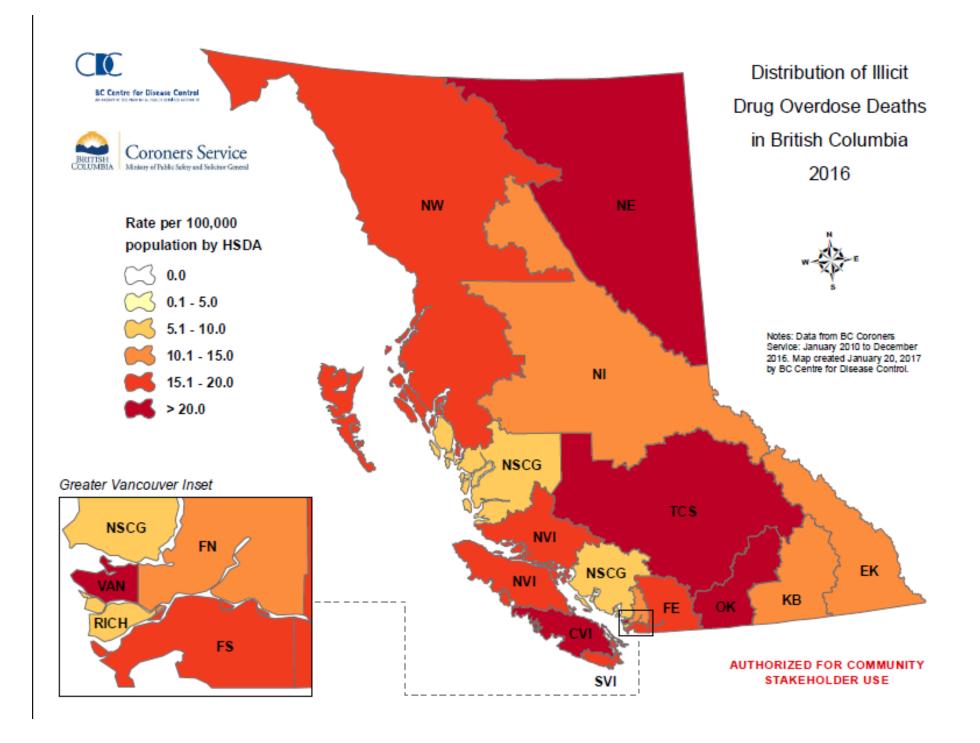




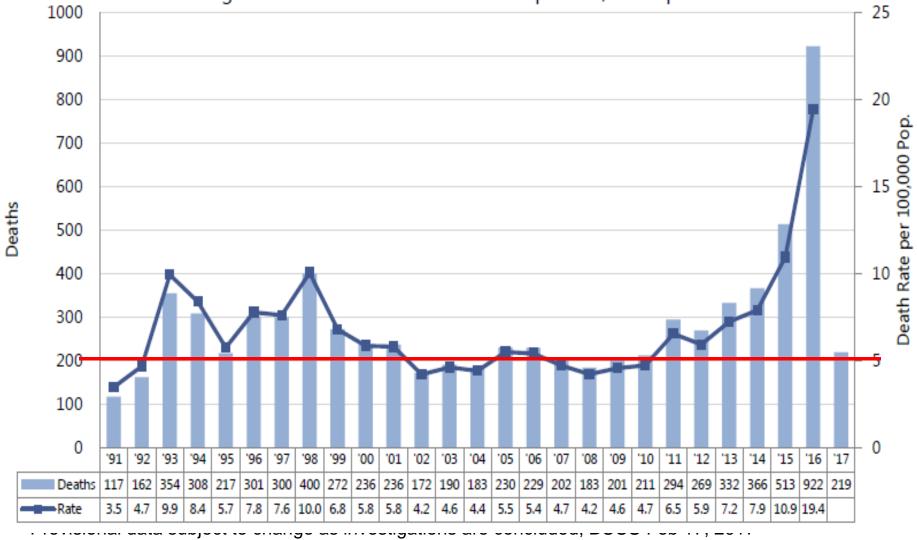








Illicit drug overdose deaths and death rate/100,000 population



http://www2.gov.bc.ca/assets/gov/public-safety-and-emergency-services/death-investigation/statistical/illicit-drug.pdf

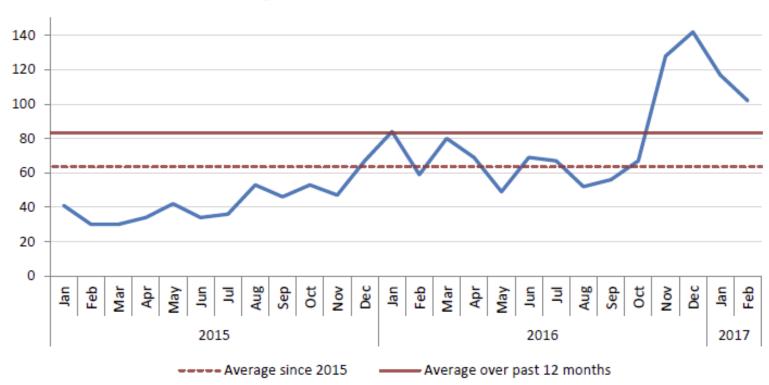
In 2016 744 deaths (81%) were male 656 deaths (71%) in private residence Similar rates all health authorities (range 17.4 - 21.6/100,000)





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Illicit Drug Overdose Deaths by Month, 2015-2017^[2]



^{*} Provisional data subject to change as investigations are concluded; BCCS Mar 17, 2017

http://www2.gov.bc.ca/assets/gov/public-safety-and-emergency-services/death-investigation/statistical/illicit-drug.pdf





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Illicit Drug Overdose Deaths by Age Group, 2007-2017 ^[2]												
Age Group	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
10-18	5	6	2	4	4	5	6	3	5	12	1	
19-29	33	36	46	40	74	61	94	83	116	202	49	
30-39	53	48	51	49	75	61	77	101	134	252	63	
40-49	70	42	57	66	77	66	74	85	124	217	53	
50-59	36	43	33	45	54	56	60	70	107	198	36	
60-69	4	8	12	7	10	19	21	24	26	38	17	
70-79	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	3	0	
Total	202	183	201	211	294	269	332	366	513	922	219	

Note: The age range of decedents of illicit drug overdose between 2007-2017 ranged from 14 to 74 years of age.

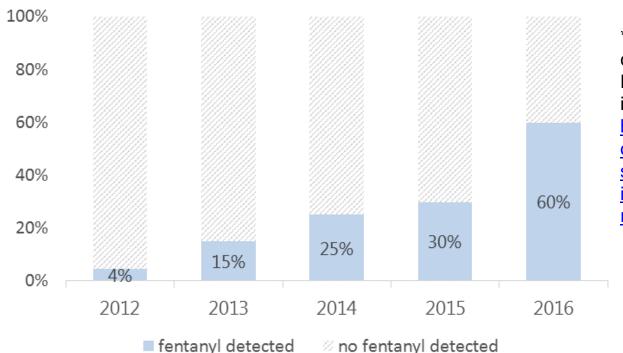
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^{*} Provisional data subject to change as investigations are concluded; BCCS Mar 17, 2017

Percentage of illicit drug deaths in which fentanyl detected



*2016 provisional subject to change as cases closed Data to Oct 31, 2016 (delay in receiving tox data)

http://www2.gov.bc.ca/gov/content/safety/public-safety/death-investigation/statistical-reports
BCCS Dec 7, 2016

Fentanyl acts faster than other opioids

Aug 2016: 86% drugs tested at Insite had fentanyl

Mar 2017: pharmacy Victoria – 80% fentanyl





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Public Health Emergency declared April 2016

OD Prevention: Public awareness campaign

Treatment options: Improved access methadone & Suboxone; \$\$

More beds

Injectable opioid: Rx DAM and hydromorphone

Alerts; Education re safer use

Drug checking?

Opioid prescribing guidelines?

OD response: Supervised consumption services

Overdose prevention Sites

Training to recognize and respond – call 911

Increase naloxone availability

Improved monitoring and surveillance:

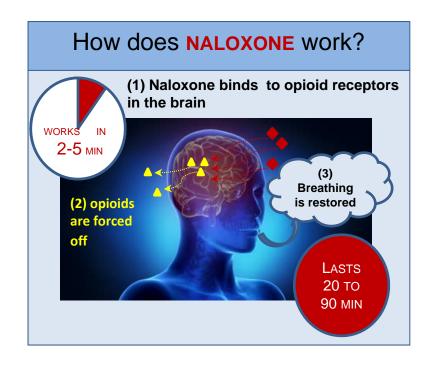
Who's at risk of OD/death; potential interventions, missed opportunities, evaluate Emergency Health Services, Emergency rooms, Coroners data

Enforcement activities (fentanyl busts, pill presses, CBSA, longer sentences, 9





Naloxone











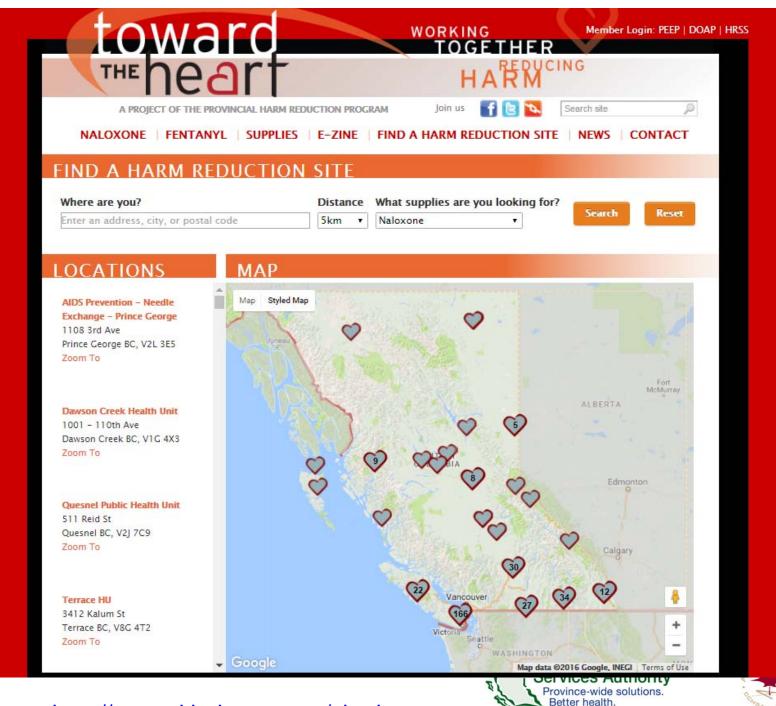
Become a Naloxone Ninja with VYPER!

Working with <u>Fraser Health</u>, the Provincial Harm Reduction Program's <u>Toward the</u> Heart, and Odyssey 1 Boys & Girls Club of South Coast BC:

VYPER Youth present their first Naloxone Training Event on April 14 from 6:30 to 9:00 p.m. in Burnaby.

Nalox one is a medication that reverses the effects of an overdose from opioids (e.g. heroin, methadone, morphine). While VYPER youth were planning this event, <u>Health Canada</u> approved Nalox one for distribution without a prescription. But training is still required to **recognize the signs of overdose and act quickly to save a life**. Come out on the 14th to become a trained Nalox one Ninja!





BC Take Home Naloxone Program

	Sept - Dec 2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017*	Total
Sites Enrolled (Active)	6	27	63	17	294	68	475
Kits Distributed	107	618	1,200	3,392	21,945	5,487	32,858**
THN Kits administration events***	5	36	127	427	4,231	1,331	6,157

^{*}to March 5th, 2017

^{***}based on kit refills for reason: used on self or other for to reverse an overdose







^{**109} dispensation records missing date

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December 1, 2016

Boxes with 5-20 doses of naloxone & OD supplies given to approved sites

Sites = Non-profit community organizations where people may overdose e.g. shelters, supportive housing, drop-in centres; Friendship Centres...

Registered sites commit to

- Develop OD response policy
- Staff training, debriefing & support
- Plan exercises/drills to maintain staff competencies and train new staff
- Documentation to BCCDC reporting naloxone use and BCCDC will restock supplies



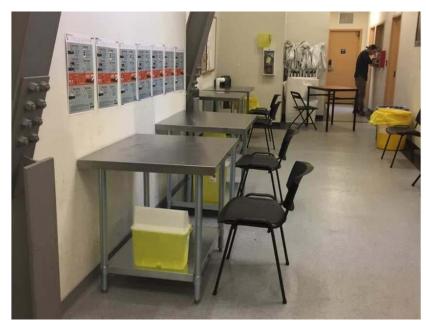


Ministry Directives:

Overdose prevention services

Dec 9, 2016 Ministerial order under Emergency Health Services Act and Health Authority Act

- Temporary safe spaces for people who use drugs to be monitored in case of overdose
- >20 sites throughout the province
- Sites vary between and within region
 - Supportive housing facilities
 - Existing harm reduction/drop-in sites
 - New stand alone sites
- Collect minimum data



Washington needle depot, East Hastings





Ministry Directives:

Dec 7, 2016: All treatment facilities in BC mandated to have naloxone

- Told to buy & get training from community pharmacy
- BCCDC provides kits or boxes as appropriate to nonprofit facilities registered in FORB program

Jan 2017: Ministry of Children and Family Development to offer kits and training to foster parents, community partners and ministry staff in lower mainland

- Parents and the youth eligible for THN
- Training by Fraser Health & Vancouver Coastal Health with assistance from ICY
 Trepoort
 Lealth Authority
- MCFD responsible for staff train

Consider unintended consequences

- Removing an opioid from the market
 - Substitution
- Opioid prescribing standards
 - Sudden reduction opioid Rx without support
 - Switch to potentially lethal illicit drugs
- Messaging
 - Alerts can lead to drug seeking
 - Scare tactics and 'Don't do it' messages do not work
 - May increase stigma & shame hide use



